

Following are some of the books by Indian Authors

Book Name	Author
A bend in the river	V.S. Naipal
A brush with life	Satish Gujral
A House of Mr. Biswar	V.S. Naipal
A Million Mutinies Now	V.S. Naipal
A Passage to England	Nirad C.Chodhury
A Prisoner's Scrapbook	L.K. Advani
A River Sutra	Gita Mehra
A sense of time	H.S.Vatsyayan
A strange and subline address	Amit Chaudhary
A suitable boy	Vikram Seth
A village by the sea	Anita Desai
A voice for freedom	Nayantara Sehgal
Aansoo	Suryakant Tripathi Nirala
Afternoon Raag	Amit Chaudhari
Ageless Body, Timeless Mind	Deepak Chopra
Agni Veena	Kazi Nazrul Islam
Ain-i-Akbari	Abul Fazal
Amar Kosh	Amar Singh
An autobiography	Jawaharlal Nehru
An Equal Music	Vikram Seth
An Idealist View of life	Dr. S. Radhakrishan
Amrit Aur Vish	Amrit Lal Nagar
Anamika	Suryakant Tripathi Nirala
Anandmath	Bankim Chandra Chatterjee
Areas of Darkness	V.S. Naipal
Arthashastra	Lautilya
Ashtadhyayi	Panini
Autobiography of an Unknown India	Nirad C. Choudhury
Bandicoot Run	Manohar Malgonkar

Beginning of the Beginning	Bhagwan Shri Rajneesh
Between the Lines	Kuldip Nayyar
Beyond Modernisation, Beyond Self	Sisirkumar Ghose
Bhagvad Gita	Ved Vyas
Bharat Bharati	Maithilisharan Gupt
Bharat Durdasha	Bhartendu Harischandra
Border and Boundaries: women in India's Partition	Ritu Menon & Kamla Bhasin
Bharat Bharati	Maithili Saran Gupt
Breaking the Silence	Anees Jung
Bride and the Sahib and the other stories	Khushwant Singh
Broken Wings	Sarojini Naidu
Bubble, The	Mulk Raj Anand
Buddha Charitam	Ashwaghosh
By God's Decree	Kapil Dev
Chandalika	Rabindra Nath Tagore
Chandrakanta Santati	Devkinandan Khatri
Chemmen: Thakazhi	Sivasankara Pillai
Chitra	Rabindranath Tagore
Chitralkha	Bhagwati Charan Verma
Chitrangada	Rabindra Nath Tagore
Circle of Reason	Amitav Ghosh
Clear Light of Day	Anita Desai
Confessions of a Lower	Mulk Raj Anand
Confrontation with Pakistan	B. M. Kaul
Conquest of Self	Mahatma Ghandhi
Continent of Crime	Nirad C Chaudhary
Coolie	Mulk Raj Anand
Court Dancer	Rabindranath Tagore
Culture in the Vanity Bag	Nirad C Chaudhury
Days of My Years	H.P. Nanda

Daybhag	Jeemootwahan
Death of a City	Amrita Pritam
Devdas	Sharat Chandra Chatterjee
Discovery of India	Jawaharlal Nehru
Distant Drums	Manohar Malgonkar
Distint Neighbours: India	Kuldip Nayar
Divine Life	Swami Shivananda
Durgesh Nandini	Bankim Chandra Chatterjee
Dynamics of Social Change	Chandra Shekhar
Eight Lives	Rajmohan Gandhi
English August	Upamanyu Chatterjee
Essays on Gita	Sri Aurobindo Ghosh
Eternal Himalayas	Major H.P.S. Ahluwalia
Eternal India	Mrs Indira Gandhi
Faces of Everest	Major H.P.S. Ahluwalia
Foreign Policy of India	I.K. Gujral
Forty Nine Days	Amrita Pritam
From Rajpath to Lokpath	Vijaya Raje Scindia
Gaban	Munsi Premchand
Ganadevata	Tara Shankar Bandopadhyaya
Gardener	Rabindra Nath Tagore
Geet Govind	Jayadev
Ghasiram Kotwal	Vijay Tendulkar
Gitanjali	Rabindranath Tagore
Gita Rahasya	Bal Gangadhar Tilak
Glimpses of World History	Jawaharlal Nehru
Godan	Prem Chand
Golden Threshold	Sarojini Naidu
Gora	Rabindra Nath Tagore
Guide	R.K. Narayanan

Harsha Charita	Bana Bhatta
Harvest	Manjula Padmanabhan
Heir Apparent	Dr. Karan Singh
Himalayan Blunder	Brigadier J.P. Dalvi
Hind Swaraj	M.K. Gandhi
Hindu View of Life	Dr. S. Radhakrishnan
Hinduism	Nirad C. Choudhury
History of India	Romila Thapar
Hullabaloo in a Guava Orchard	Kiran Desai
Humanyunama	Gulbadan Beghum
Hungary Stones	Rabindranath Tagore
I follow the Mahatma	K.M. Munshi
Idols	Sunil Gavaskar
India After Nehru	Kuldip Nayyar
India Divided	Rajendra Prasad
India Unbound	Gurcharan Das
India of Our Dreams	M.V. Kamath
India Wins Freedom	Abdul Kalam Azad
India's Priceless Heritage	N.A. Palkhivala
Indian Philosophy	Dr. S. Radhakrishnan
Indira Ghandi Returns	Khushwant Singh
Indira Gandhi: Badhate Kadam	Khushwant Singh
Inscrutable Americans	Anurag Mathur
Interpreter of Maladies	Jhumpa Lahiri
It's Always Possible	Kiran Bedi
Jai Somnath	K.M. Munshi
Jayadev	Geet Govind
Jhansi Ki Rani	Vrindavanlal Verma
Kadambari	Bana Bhatt
Kagaz Te Kanwas	Amrita Pritam
Kamasutra	S.H. Vatsyayan

Kanthapura	Raja Rao
Kapala Kundala	Bankim Chandra Chatterjee
Karmabhumi	Munsi Premchand
Kashmir: A Tale of Shame	Hari Jaisingh
Kashmir: A Tragedy of Errors Kayar	Thakazhi Sivasankara Pillai
Kitab-ul-Hind	Al-Beruni
Kitni Nawon Kitni Bar	S.H. Vatsyayan
Kulliyat	Ghalib
Kumar Sambhava	Kalidas
Kurukshetra	Ramdhari Singh Dinkar
Last Burden	Upamanyu Chatterjee
Life Divine	Sri Aurobindo Ghosh
Lipika	Rabindranath Tagore
Lost Child	Mulk Raj Anand
Mahabharata	Ved Vyas
Mahatma Gandhi and his Apostles	Ved Mehta
Malgudi Days	R.K. Narayanan
Malti Madhav	Bhavabhuti
Meghdootam	Kalidasa
Mitakshara	Vigyaneshwar
Mrichhakatikam	Shudrak
My Days	R.K. Narayanan
My India	S. Nihal Singh
My Life and Times	V.V. Giri
My Music, My Life	Pt. Ravi Shankar
My Presidential Years	R. Venkatraman
My Truth	Indira Gandhi
Mudra Rakshas	Vishakhadatta
Natural History	Plini
New Dimensions of India's Foreign Policy	A.B. Vajpayee
Nisheeth	Uma Shankar Joshi

Operation Bluestar: The True Story	Lt. Gen K.S. Brar
Our Films, Their Films	Satyajit Ray
Padmavat	Malik Mohammed Jayasi
Painter of Signs	R.K. Narayan
Panchatantra	Vishnu Sharma
Parineeta	Sharat Chandra Chatterji
Past Forward	G.R. Narayanan
Pather Panchali	Bibhuti Bhushan
Plain Speaking	N. Chandrababu Naidu
Portrait of India	Ved Mehta
Post Office	Rabindranath Tagore
Prem Pachisi	Munsi Prem Chand
Prem Vatika	Raskhan
Rajatarangini	Kalhana
Ram Charita Manas	Tulsidas
Ramayana	Maharishi Valmiki
Raghuvamsa	Kalidas
Ranghbhommi	Munsi Premchand
Ratnavali	Harsha Vardhan
Ravi Paar (Across the River)	Gulzar
Red Earth and Pouring Rain	Vikram Chandra
Ritu Samhara	Kalidas
Saket	Maithili Sharan Gupta
Satya Karischandra	Bhartendu Harischandra
Sakharam Binder	Vijay Tendulkar
Secular Agenda	Arun Shourie
Seven Summers	Mulk Raj Anand
Shadow from Ladakh	Bhabani Bhattacharya
Shahnama	Firdausi
Shrikant	Sharat Chandra Chatterji
Snakes and Ladders: Essays on India	Gita Mehta

Social Change in Modern India	M.N. Srinivas
Sultry Days	Shobha De
Sunny Days	Sunil Gavaskar
Sursagar	Kabirdas
Swami and Friends	R.K. Narayanan
The Bride's Book of Beauty	Mulk Raj Anand
The Cat and Shakespeare	Raja Rao
The Company of Women	Khushwant Singh
The Critical Years: In Jail	Kuldip Nayyar
The Dark Room	R.K. Narayanan
The Degeneration of India	T.N. Seshan
The Glass Palace	Amitav Ghosh
The God of Small Things	Arundhati Roy
The Golden Gate	Vikram Seth
The Judgement	Kuldip Nayyar
The Men Who Killed Gandhi	Manohar Malgonkar
The Seven Spiritual Laws of Success	Deepak Chopra
The Songs of India	Sarojini Naidu
The Story of My Experiments with Truth	Mahatma Gandhi
The Strange and Sublime Address	Amit Chaudhuri
The Sword and the Sickle	Mulk Raj Anand
The vendor of Sweets	R.K. Narayanan
The way of the Wizard	Deepak Chopra
Train to Pakistan	Khushwant Singh
Two Leaves and a Bud	Mulk Raj Anand
Untold Story	B. M. Kaul
Urvashi	Ramdhari Singh Dinkar
Visarjana	Rabindra Nath Tagore
Waiting for the Mahatma	R.K. Narayanan
Wake up India	Annie Besant
We, Indians	Khushwant Singh

Wreck, The	Rabindranath Tagore
Yama	Mahadevi Verma
Yashodhara	Maithili Sharan Gupt
Years of Pilgrimage	Dr. Raja Ramana

- India is the **world's largest, oldest, continuous** civilization.
- India is the **world's Largest** democracy.
- India never invaded any country in her last 1000 years of history.
- India invented the **number system**. Zero was invented by Aryabhata.
- When many cultures were only nomadic forest dwellers over 5000 years ago, Indians established **Harappan culture in Sindhu Valley** (Indus Valley Civilization)
- There are **300,000 active mosques in India** , more than in any other country, including the Muslim world
- Sanskrit is the mother of all the **European Languages** . Sanskrit is the most suitable language for computer software – a report in Forbes magazine July 1987.
- **Chess** (Shataranja or AshtaPada) was invented in India.
- India is one of the few countries in the world, which gain **independence without violence**.
- India has the **second largest pool of Scientist and Engineers** in the World.
- India is the **largest English speaking nation** in the world.
- India is the only country other than US and Japan, to have built a **super computer** indigenously.
- India has the **largest number of Post Offices** in the world
- The largest employer in the world is the **Indian Railways** , employing over a million people
- India was one of the **richest countries till the time of British rule** in the early 17th Century. Christopher Columbus, attracted by India's wealth, had come looking for a sea route to India when he discovered America by mistake.
- The Baily Bridge is the **highest bridge in the world**. It is located in the Ladakh valley between the Dras and Suru rivers in the Himalayan mountains. It was built by the Indian Army in August 1982
- The Vishnu Temple in the city of Tirupathi built in the 10th century, is the **world's largest religious pilgrimages** destination. Larger than either Rome or Mecca, an average of 30,000 visitors donate \$6 million (US) to the temple everyday.
- Varanasi, also known as Benaras, was called "**the Ancient City**" when Lord Buddha visited it in 500 B.C., and is the oldest, continuously inhabited city in the world today.
- **Martial Arts** were first created in India, and later spread to Asia by Buddhist missionaries.
- **Yoga** has its origins in India and has existed for over 5,000 years

Computer MCQS General Knowledge

- Half byte = 1 nibble = 4 bits
- Bit means Binary Digit
- 1 byte = 8 bits
- 1 mega byte = 1048576 bytes
- 1 kilo byte = 1024 bytes
- A combination of 16 bits are called word.
- A terabyte = 1 trillion bytes
- Our **PC** belongs to 4th generation
- Fred Cohen coined the word **computer** virus
- First **computer** virus was created in 1970 at Bell laboratories
- WORM means Write Once Read Many
- Power of a super **computer** is measured in FLOPS (Floating Point Operations per Second)
- **WWW**/http: (hypertext transfer protocol) was created by Tim Burner Lee in 1992
- Intel means Integrated Electronics
- 1 worksheet contains 256 columns
- G.W.Basic G.W stands for Gate Way
- Super Computer was created by J.H.Van Tassel
- CORBA is Common Object Request Broker Architecture
- URL is Uniform or Universal Resource Locator
- Intel invented RAM chip
- Information stored on disk as series of bumps on its shiny side.
- DVDs hold more information than CDs. They use smaller bumps and have two reflective layers
- Recordable CDs do not have bumps. There are patches of color on disk to change the reflected laser light
- In 1951 Univac – 1, the world's first commercial **computer** was designed by John Mauchly and J. Presper Eckert. They built ENIAC, the first electronic **computer** in 1946
- In 1968 mainframe was built.
- In 1976 first supercomputer the Cray-1 was developed
- In 1981 **IBM** produce the **IBM PC**.
- In 1998 **IBM** made quantum **computer**
- Super computers uses parallel processing
- In 1974, **computer** games were introduced.
- PROM is the abbreviation of programmable read only memory
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- What was the world's first high level programming language 1957: **IBM FORTRAN**
- A JPEG is a picture file format – what does JPEG stand for: Joint Photographic Experts Group
- During World War II, **IBM** built the computers the Nazis used to manage their death/concentration camps
- Registers are temporary storage areas within the CPU.
- First apple **computer** was built in garage.
- The language of small talk is object oriented.
- Shell is an operating environment.
- Virtual memory is also known as virtual page.
- NOS refer to operating systems for a network.

- In EBCDIC each character is denoted by 8 bits.
- Diodes are used in analog **computer** circuits as limiter.
- Wetware stands for any organic intelligence.
- GIGO stands for garbage in garbage out.
- Application of flip-flap are counters, shift register and transfer register.
- Bootstrap is associated with **computer**.
- **FORTTRAN** stands for formula translator.
- A group of character that is termed as a single entity is called word.
- Clip art is a **computer** prepared art.
- Mark sensing is another term for OMR.
- Authorization to make multiple software copies is called site licensing.
- Antivirus is also known as vaccines.
- Free software is also known as public domain software.
- In **computer** DFD stands for Data Flow Diagram.
- Cyber Space is called to Virtual world of the **computer**.
- What does the sun in SUN Microsystems stand for Stanford University Network
- What does Intel stand for- Integrated Electronics
- All PCs have a BIOS what does bios stand for-Basic Input Output System
- What is the common name for an integrated circuit A Chip
- In **WWW** terms what does i.e. mean on a domain name-Ireland
- What company introduced the first commercial minicomputer 65 DEC
- Name the first web browser publicly available NCSA Mosaic
- The world's most powerful super **computer** is called ASCI white.
- World Wide Web was invented in 1993 by Tim Bareness Lee.
- The B-programming language was developed by Ken Thompson.
- The 1st commercially produced and sold **computer** (1951) was UNIVAC.
- The transformation from heavy computers to PCs was made possible using microprocessors.
- The first microprocessor was developed in 1971 by Intel.
- A pentium 4 (P-4) employs roughly 40 million transistors.
- Mark-1, Apple-1, and collossus were initial desktop computers.
- Binary digits are briefed as bit.
- A collection of bits is called byte.
- The first home **computer** (1977), which was sold in millions of units was Apple II.
- 'PARAM' is a supercomputer.
- Father of the Computer.. Charles Babbage
- What does CMOS stand for in a **computer**- Complimentary metal Oxide semi-conductor

1. Which of the following statements is true?

- a) The license to open branches of bank is granted by Board of Directors of that Bank
- b) There is no need of licenses to open branch of a bank
- c) A license to open a branch is issued by the Central Government
- d) A license to open a branch is issued by the Reserve Bank of India under the provisions of Banking Regulation Act, 1949

2. The important condition for granting license of banking companies is?

- a) Banking company need not plan to pay for future depositors
- b) Banking company can plan for its capital structure once the license is granted
- c) The business undertaken by the banking company should not frustrate the interest of public
- d) The banking company can undertake business other than banking with the permission of annual general body

Question was not answered

3. Who of the following is not a party to the IPO?

- a) Registrar of Issue
- b) Investment Banker
- c) Advertisement Agency
- d) Registrar of Companies

Question was not answered

4. Which of the following is not shown as an asset in the balance sheet of a Bank?

- a) Investments
- b) Advances
- c) Cash balances with other banks
- d) Borrowings

Question was not answered

5. The credit policy of a bank does not consist of?

- a) Lending policies
- b) Quality control
- c) Loan product mix
- d) advertising of loan products

Question was not answered

6. Which of the following is a function of the agent bank relating to flow of money in the process of loan syndication?

- a) Receiving notices relating to cancellation of any part of the loan
- b) Calling of loans in the event of default
- c) Receiving the fee from the borrower and distributing among the participating banks
- d) Receiving notices relating to transfers of banks

Question was not answered

7. Which of the following is the parameter to recognize the SSI unit as sick unit?

- a) The erosion in the net-worth due to accumulated losses is up to 25% of its net worth during the previous account year
- b) The erosion in the net-worth due to accumulated losses is up to 50% of its net worth during the previous account year.
- c) The unit should have been in commercial production for at least five years
- d) Lack of updating in technological development

Question was not answered

8. Which of the following is not the service provided by the Small Industries Service Institute?

- a) Providing entrepreneurship development programs
- b) Developmental efforts
- c) Export promotion and liaison activities
- d) Financial support

Question was not answered

9. Service Area Approach (SAA) is associated with?

- a) Rural and Semi-urban branches of commercial banks
- b) Urban branches of commercial banks
- c) Branches of commercial banks situated in metro cities
- d) Development banks

Question was not answered

10. Which of the following cannot be securitized?

- a) Future rentals of a fishing boat
- b) Hire purchase receivables
- c) Demand drafts received by the banker during clearing
- d) Future billings for an airline